

## **IO1.A** – Teaching Source

Each project partner is responsible for 3 European languages according to the following bullet point list:

- IPB (Portugal): English, Portuguese, Swedish
- Vilnius University, Faculty of Philology, (Lithuania): Lithuanian, Latvian, Estonian •
- Cuza University of Iaşi, Department of Language Learning, (Romania): Romanian, Bulgarian, Polish
- University of Bologna (Italy): Italian, Finnish, German,
- Károli Gáspár University (Hungary): Hungarian, Slovakian, Slovenian
- Universidad de Cordoba (Spain): Spanish, French, Norwegian

Each partner should identify at least 20 OER (Open Educational Resources) teaching sources for each one of the above-mentioned languages. Each resource should be presented in English through:

- A review
- A case study
- Guidelines on how to use the resource

Each partner translates the description and the review of the identified resources into the target language (e.g. a source to teach Italian should be described and reviewed in English and Italian). For each teaching resource, the following template must be filled in on the project portal. Please see below an example.

Title	Academic Encounters R/W Level 1 Unit 1 Chapter 1: The Physical Earth - Kahoot
Date of Publication	2020
Link	https://create.kahoot.it/details/064f7134-74da-4a01-bf11-1907ecc199b7 (cambridge.org/academic-english)
Download	If the resource is not available online, please upload it in PDF version on the project website
Target Group	<ul><li>☑ Lecturers</li><li>☑ Students</li></ul>
Domain Area	<ul> <li>□ Accounting □ Arts &amp; Music □ Bioscience □ Business &amp;</li> <li>Communication □ Engineering □ International Relations □</li> <li>Journalism &amp; multimedia</li> <li>□ Law □ Medicine &amp; Nursing ⋈ Sustainability</li> <li>⋈ Teacher Education □ Tourism</li> </ul>
Learning Scenario	



Target Language	☐ Bulgarian ☐ German	⊠ English  □ Hungarian	☐ Estonian ☐ Italian	☐ Finnish ☐ Latvian	☐ French ☐ Lithuanian
	☐ Norwegian ☐ Slovenian	☐ Polish ☐ Spanish	☐ Portuguese ☐ Swedish	☐ Romanian	☐ Slovakian
language of instruction	☐ Bulgarian ☐ German	<ul><li>☑ English</li><li>☐ Hungarian</li></ul>	☐ Estonian ☐ Italian	☐ Finnish ☐ Latvian	☐ French ☐ Lithuanian
	☐ Norwegian☐ Slovenian	☐ Polish ☐ Spanish	☐ Portuguese ☐ Swedish	☐ Romanian ☐ Any langua	□ Slovakian ge
Learner's recommended CEFR level	□ A1 □ A2	□B1 ⊠ B2	□ C1 □ C2		
Type of Material	☐ Animation ☐ Activity/task ☐ Audio ☐ Guiding resources (online course/book) ☐ Laboratory ☐ Picture/Graphics ☐ Reference resources (online Dictionaries/ grammar guides/phrasebooks) ☐ Simulation ☐ Test ☐ Video				
Linguistic Features	<ul><li>☑ Vocabulary</li><li>☐ Prosody</li></ul>	□ Gra	ammar	☐ Pragmatics	
Skills	☐ Listening ⊠ Writing	<ul><li>☑ Speaking</li><li>☑ Reading</li></ul>	□ Critical Thir     □ Mediation	nking	
Description*	solution adopte	ed, the needs ac	out the general c Idressed, the add aration, and the	aptability to gro	
	Games are normally very appealing to students and it's a rather effective way of learning by having a bit of fun. Game-based learning, this kahoot comprises 10 questions on the Physical Earth and it deals with specific vocabulary. If used in the classroom it is really engaging. In addition, it has great potential for the development of skills such as writing, reading, speaking and critical thinking. This could be used in different stages of a lesson, depending on the learning goals. This can be used in the classroom following a communicative approach (maybe the variant of TBLT), as the game underlies the drive to expand vocabulary on a specific area and thus provides students with adequate vocabulary to be able to read, speak and write within this specific area. CLIL could also be applied here as several areas of study are involved: natural sciences and English.				



Review*	Please review the teaching resource according to the following quality indicators. Please use a scale 1 to 5, where 1 is the lowest and 5 is the highest.				
	-	and students	;	ach: car	pacity to match the needs of lecturers
		□ 1 □ 2	□ 3	□ 4	⊠ 5
	-	Added value	the prov	ided tan	ngible improvements
		□ 1 □ 2	⊠ 3	□ 4	□ 5
	-	Motivation e improve their			capacity to motivate students to
		□ 1 □ 2	□ 3	□ 4	⊠ 5
	-				troducing innovative, creative and les to LSP learning
		□1 □2	□ 3	□ 4	⊠ 5
	-		be a sou	rce of fu	of the transferable potential and rther capitalisation/application for other countries
		□ 1 □ 2	□ 3	□ 4	⊠ 5
	-		nonitor s	tudents'	on: availability of appropriate tools for progress and for students to assess own rning
		□ 1 □ 2	□ 3	⊠ 4	□ 5
	-				contents and possibilities for the LSP is to their and to students' need
		□1 □2	□ 3	⊠ 4	□ 5
	-	Usability: ass lecturer and			usability from the point of view of the
		□1 □2	□ 3	□ 4	⊠ 5
	-	Accessibility: lecturer and			sibility from the point of view of the
		□1 □2	□ 3	□ 4	⊠ 5
	Comme		ovide at	least one	e comment on the resource to justify
	other k English acaden	ahoot based of for specific po nic purposes.	juizzes, is urposes, r t keeps n	definite namely fo notivatio	d this game in particular, within a set of ly an added value to the learning of or environmental studies, or even for an levels high; it is an engaging and useful ents' understanding of vocabulary or it



	can test students' knowledge on vocabulary previously learnt. Students and lectures can easily access and use this resource. Learners can also use this resource on their own and they can assess their performance right away. However, doing this in class with more learners is more challenging, appealing and fun.					
Case study*	Please describe how the resource was used successfully, the results achieved and the risks to be taken into account while using the resource					
	The resource was used by 1st year students of the BA in EATN, Environmental Education and Nature Tourism. The group consisted of 28 students whose language level ranged between A2 and B1.					
	Due to network problems the resource was not used online but projected – each ppt slide contained a question. Also, students were given less time since 60 seconds was considered too much.					
	Some considerations are also relevant: since the specific vocabulary in this activity was not 100% targeted to this course, we decided to take approach 2 and do it as an end of the class activity. However, we picked some of the vocabulary used and redirected the activity to specific tourism activities.					
	The teacher showed the students, having in mind the Kahoot vocab, the site on The Alqueva and the Observatory (check further documentation), alongside the possibilities of tourism suggested. Afterwards the site of Turismo de Portugal was also given as an example (check further documentation) of the activities available for Geotourism.  Finally, the document on Mines and Geology was given to students and, in groups, they were asked to prepare a presentation for next class based on one of the 13 different products/locations. Arouca was presented by the teacher, from the other 12 available 10 were given to groups (2-3 students).					
Guidelines*	Please produce a check list / guidelines on how to use the resource					
	This resource can be used in different ways, taking into account the learning goals for students in class. We present 2.					
	To introduce the topic and check understanding of concepts and vocabulary related to it					
	Warmer: elicit from students some words related to the solar system and areas of study related to the Earth (e.g. geology, sun, planets, etc)					



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	Step 2: students get ready for the kahoot game and, after signing in, they are ready to play it.				
	Step 3: get feedback and check any difficulties students encountered when answering the questions. Clear out more difficult words (e.g. igneous, sedimentary, hot molten rock)				
	2. To practise and consolidate vocabulary				
	This resource can be used by the end of the class as a way to relax and have fun while practising and consolidating vocabulary. It is expected to have other prior activities (e.g. reading comprehension work, worksheet completion, watching videos, etc)				
	Step 1: students get ready for the kahoot game and, after signing in, they are ready to play it.				
	Step 2: get feedback and check any difficulties students encountered when answering the questions. Clear out more difficult words (e.g. igneous, sedimentary, hot molten rock)				
Further	https://darkskyalqueva.com/en/dark-sky-observatory/				
documentation	https://www.lisbonportugaltourism.com/guide/museu-geologico.html				
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